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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

· 1.1 Product identifier

- Trade name: <u>PERVELOX EVO 50</u> E02
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- Formulation and packing into small containers. Industrial use as polymerisation initiator for production of polymers, and as cross-linking agent for the manufacture of resins. Professional use as hardener for coating resins.
- [ SU 9, SU 10, SU12, SU 22 ] [ PROC 3, PROC 5, PROC 7, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 9, PROC 10, PROC 11, PROC 13, PROC 14, PROC 19, PROC 21 ]
- Application of the substance / the mixture Dibenzoyl peroxide, paste Hardening agent / Curing agent Polymerisation catalyst
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
  - Manufacturer/Supplier: RAICHEM S.r.I. Via Don Grazioli, 53 - Località Gavassa 42122 Reggio Emilia (Italy) Tel. +39 0522 511182 - Fax +39 0522 920616
- · Further information obtainable from: RAICHEM S.r.I. E-mail: laboratorio@raichem.it
- · 1.4 Emergency telephone number:
- UNITED KINGDOM
- National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) Tel: +44 844 8920111

RAICHEM S.r.I. - Technical support: Tel. +39 0522 511182 (Monday-Friday: 8.00-12.00 AM, 2.00-6.00 PM)

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

· Classification ac	cording to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Org. Perox. E	H242 Heating may cause a fire.
Eye Irrit. 2	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Sens. 1	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Aquatic Acute 1 H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### · 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the CLP regulation.



GHS02 GHS07 GHS09

· Signal word Warning

· Hazard-determining components of labelling:

dibenzoyl peroxide

Hazard statements

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

i i oouunonun j ot	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P305+P351+P338	B IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and
	easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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(Contd. of page 1) Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· 2.3 Other hazards

P501

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

· PBT: Not applicable.

· vPvB: Not applicable.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Components:		
CAS: 94-36-0 EINECS: 202-327-6 Index number: 617-008-00-0 Reg.nr.: 01-2119511472-50-XXXX	dibenzoyl peroxide ♦ ♠ Org. Perox. B, H241; ♠ Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10); Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10); ♠ Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Sens. 1, H317	45-52%
CAS: 131-11-3 EINECS: 205-011-6 Reg.nr.: 01-2119437229-36-XXXX	dimethyl phthalate substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	25-35%
CAS: 107-21-1 EINECS: 203-473-3 Index number: 603-027-00-1 Reg.nr.: 01-2119456816-28-XXXX	ethanediol STOT RE 2, H373;	0.1-9.9%

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### · 4.1 Description of first aid measures

• After inhalation:

Supply fresh air and to be sure call for a doctor.

In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

• After skin contact:

If skin irritation continues, consult a doctor.

Immediately wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.

After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor.

• After swallowing: Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately.

• 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed No further relevant information available.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### · 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### • Suitable extinguishing agents:

CO<sub>2</sub>, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam. Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

#### · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire, the following can be released: Carbonic anhydride (CO₂) Carbon monoxide (CO) Benzoic acid Benzene Biphenyl Phenyl benzoate Under certain fire conditions, traces of other toxic gases cannot be excluded.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

 Protective equipment: Do not inhale explosion gases or combustion gases. Mouth respiratory protective device.
 Wear suitable fire protection equipment.
 Additional information

Cool endangered receptacles with water spray.

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Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter the sewage system.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Keep away from ignition sources. Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. Ensure adequate ventilation Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
- **6.2 Environmental precautions:** Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system. Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
- **6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Pick up mechanically. Do not allow to dry out Ensure adequate ventilation.

#### <sup>•</sup> 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

- **7.1 Precautions for safe handling** Use only in well ventilated areas. Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Protect against electrostatic charges.
  - **Information about fire and explosion protection:** Substance/product is oxidising when dry. Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.
- · 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage:

- **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:** Store in a cool location.
- Store only in the original receptacle.
- Information about storage in one common storage facility:
- Do not store together with reducing agents, heavy-metal compounds, acids and alkalis.
- **Further information about storage conditions:** Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Prevent from drying out. Keep container tightly sealed.

The product, stored in the original containers, away from sunlight, maintains its properties for 12 months from the production date.

· Recommended storage temperature: +5 °C / +25 °C

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

· Additional information about design of technical facilities: No further data; see item 7.

· 8.1 Control parame	iters
<ul> <li>Ingredients with I</li> </ul>	imit values that require monitoring at the workplace:
94-36-0 dibenzoyl µ	peroxide
WEL (Great Britain)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m³
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m³
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m³
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 5 mg/m³

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# Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC (REACH)

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			(Contd. of page 3)
131-11-3 dir			
WEL (Great	Britain)	Short-term value: 10 mg/m³	
		Long-term value: 5 mg/m³	
PEL (USA)		Long-term value: 5 mg/m³	
REL (USA)		Long-term value: 5 mg/m³	
TLV (USA)		Long-term value: 5 mg/m³	
107-21-1 etł		ol	
IOELV (EU)		Short-term value: 104 mg/m³, 40 ppm Long-term value: 52 mg/m³, 20 ppm Skin	
WEL (Great	Britain)	Short-term value: 104** mg/m³, 40** ppm Long-term value: 10* 52** mg/m³, 20** ppm Sk *particulate **vapour	
TLV (USA)		Short-term value: NIC-127* NIC-10** mg/m³, NIC-50* ppm Long-term value: NIC-63.5* mg/m³, NIC-25* ppm Ceiling limit: (100) mg/m³ (H); *inh. fraction + vapor,P:**inh. fraction, H	
REL (US TLV (US IOELV (	SÁ): Re SA): Thr (EU): Dil	rmissible Exposure Limits (OSHA) commended Exposure Limits (NIOSH) reshold Limit Values (ACGIH) ir. 2009/161/EU	
· DNELs			
94-36-0 dibe		•	
		Long term exposure - Systemic effects 2 mg/kg bw/d (general population)	
		Long term exposure - Systemic effects 13.3 mg/kg bw/d (workers)	
Inhalative D	DNEL / L	Long term exposure - Systemic effects 39 mg/m³ (workers)	
· PNECs			
94-36-0 dibe	enzoyl	peroxide	
PNEC / aqua	a 0	0.00002 mg/l (freshwater)	
	0	0.000602 mg/l (intermittent releases)	
	0	0.000002 mg/l (marine water)	
PNEC / sedi	iment 0	0.0127 mg/kg dw (freshwater)	
	0	0.00127 mg/kg dw (marine water)	
PNEC / soil	0	0.0025 mg/kg dw	
PNEC / STP	P 0	0.35 mg/l (sewage treatment plant)	
		mation. The lists valid during the making ware used as basis	

• Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### Personal protective equipment:

- General protective and hygienic measures:
- Do not eat, drink, smoke or sniff while working.

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

- Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
- Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

- Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.
- Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
- · Respiratory protection: Use suitable respiratory protective device in case of insufficient ventilation.

Protection of hands:



The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation. Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

Material of gloves Neoprene gloves Nitrile rubber, NBR

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Recommended thickness of the material:  $\geq$  0.14 mm

The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. • Penetration time of glove material

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed. For the mixture of chemicals mentioned, the penetration time has to be at least 30 minutes (Permeation according to EN 374 Part 3: Level 2).

· Eye protection:

Tightly sealed goggles

· Body protection: Light weight protective clothing

SECTION 9: Physical and ch	emical properties
· 9.1 Information on basic physical a	and chemical properties
· General Information	
· Appearance:	
· Form:	Pasty Different economics to colouring
· Colour: · Odour:	Different according to colouring Characteristic
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.
· pH-value:	Not determined.
· · Change in condition	
• Melting point/Melting range:	Undetermined.
· Boiling point/Boiling range:	Undetermined.
Flash point:	Not applicable.
	Above the SADT value.
· Flammability (solid, gaseous):	May cause fire.
· Ignition temperature:	
<ul> <li>Decomposition temperature:</li> </ul>	Not determined.
	SADT = 50 °C
· Self-igniting:	Not determined.
· Danger of explosion:	Product does not present an explosion hazard.
· Explosion limits:	
· Lower:	Not determined.
· Upper:	Not determined.
· Vapour pressure:	Not determined.
Density at 20 °C:	1.15-1.25 g/cm³
Relative density	Not determined.
Vapour density Evaporation rate	Not determined. Not determined.
•	Not determined.
<ul> <li>Solubility in / Miscibility with</li> <li>water:</li> </ul>	Insoluble.
· Partition coefficient (n-octanol/wa	
· Viscosity:	,
· Dynamic:	Not determined.
· Kinematic:	Not determined.
· Solvent content:	
· VOC (UE)	Not applicable.
· 9.2 Other information	No further relevant information available.
	(Contd. on page

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# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- · 10.1 Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- · 10.2 Chemical stability
  - · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:

No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Exothermic thermal decomposition. Visible decomposition with spontaneous ignition on heating. SADT = 50 °C SADT (Self accelerating decomposition temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used in transport.

A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at and above the SADT.

Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition at or below the SADT.

• **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Reacts with reducing agents. Reacts with heavy metals. Reacts with alkali, amines and strong acids.

· 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.

· 10.5 Incompatible materials:

Reducing agents like amines, acids, alkali, compounds based on heavy metals (p.e. accelerators)

- · 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:
- Benzoic acid Benzene Biphenyl Phenyl benzoate

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

· Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

		oyl peroxide
Oral	LD0	2000 mg/kg (rat)

Inhalative LC0 24.3 mg/l (rat)

#### Primary irritant effect:

. . . . . .

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation
- Causes serious eye irritation.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- CMR effects (carcinogenity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)
- Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **Reproductive toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **STOT-single exposure** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- **STOT-repeated exposure** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity		
· Aquatic toxicit	ty:	
94-36-0 dibenzo	yl peroxide	
LC50 / 96h	0.0602 mg/l (fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss) (OECD TG 203)	
EC50 / 48h	0.110 mg/l (crustacea - Daphnia magna) (OECD TG 202)	
ErC50 / 72h	0.0711 mg/l (algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) (OECD TG 201)	
M Factor Acute	10	
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NOEC / 96h	0.0316 mg/l (fish)	(Contd. of page 6)
EC10 / 21d	0.001 mg/l (crustacea - Daphnia	magna) (OECD TG 211)
NOEC / 72 h	0.02 mg/l (algae - Pseudokirchne	
M Factor Chron	• • •	shoka babbaphata)
	ce and degradability	
94-36-0 dibenz	<b>č</b>	
	adability in water / 28d 71 % (OECL	7 TG 301 D
94-36-0 dibenz	ulative potential	
Log Kow 3.2 (C		
-		
· 12.4 Mobility in		
94-36-0 dibenz		
Log Koc 3.8 (O	-	
· Ecotoxical eff		
	ry toxic for fish	
· General not	ological information:	
	us for fish and plankton in water bo	dies
	r aquatic organisms	
Water hazard	d class 1 (German Regulation) (Self	f-assessment): slightly hazardous for water
Do not allow	undiluted product or large quantitie	s of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system.
· 12.5 Results of	f PBT and vPvB assessment	
• <b>PBT:</b> Not appl		
• <b>vPvB:</b> Not app	olicable.	
· 12.6 Other adv	erse effects No further relevant info	ormation available.
SECTION 13	3: Disposal considerations	
· 13.1 Waste trea	atment methods	
Recommenda	ation	
Must not be di	sposed together with household ga	rbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system.
Disposal must	be made according to official regul	ations.
· Uncleaned pa		
Recommend		
	st be made according to official regulation in the second area to be	
Packagings i	nat may not be cleansed are to be t	disposed of in the same manner as the product.
SECTION 14	: Transport information	
· 14.1 UN-Numbe		
· ADR, IMDG, IA		UN3108
	r shipping name	
· ADR		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, ENVIRONMENTALLY
·IMDG		HAZARDOUS ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, MARINE POLLUTANT
		ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, MARINE POLLUTANT ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID
	hazard class(es)	
-	1122010 (1233(23)	
· ADR, IATA		
Jer,		
52		

· Class

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· Label	5.2
· Class	5.2 Organic peroxides.
· Label	5.2
14.4 Packing group · ADR, IMDG, IATA	Void
14.5 Environmental hazards: • Marine pollutant:	Yes Symbol (fish and tree)
14.6 Special precautions for user • Danger code (Kemler):	Warning: Organic peroxides. -
EMS Number:	F-J,S-R
Stowage Category	
· Stowage Code	SW1 Protected from sources of heat.
· Segregation Code	SG35 Stow "separated from" acids. SG36 Stow "separated from" alkalis.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Anne and the IBC Code	x II of Marpol Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
• ADR • Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g
· Transport category	2
· Tunnel restriction code	D
· IMDG · Limited quantities (LQ)	500 g
· UN "Model Regulation":	UN 3108 ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE E, SOLID, 5. ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

• **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP - Classification, Labelling and Packaging of substances and mixtures) Compilation of Safety Data Sheet: Reg.UE n. 830/2015 (amending Reg.EC n.1907/2006, Annex II)

Directive 2012/18/EU

- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category
- P6b SELF-RĚAČTIVE SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES and ORGANIC PEROXIDES E1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t

· National regulations:

· Waterhazard class: Water hazard class 1 (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water.

· 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

• **Relevant phrases** H241 Heating may cause a fire or explosion. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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H210 Courses serious and irritation	(Contd. of page 8
H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
+1.2) Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
<i>No further relevant information available.</i> Sector of Use	
SU3 Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites	
SU9 Manufacture of fine chemicals	
SU10 Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (excluding alloys)	
SU12 Manufacture of plastics products, including compounding and conversion	
SU22 Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services	s, craftsmen)
Process category	
PROC3 Manufacture or formulation in the chemical industry in closed batch process	es with occasional controlle
exposure or processes with equivalent containment condition	
PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes PROC7 Industrial spraying	
PROC8a Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated fac	cilities
PROC8b Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilitie	
PROC9 Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, include	
PROC10 Roller application or brushing	
PROC11 Non industrial spraying	
PROC13 Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring	
PROC14 Tabletting, compression, extrusion, pelletisation, granulation	
PROC19 Manual activities involving hand contact PROC21 Low energy manipulation and handling of substances bound in/on materials or a	ticles
Environmental release category	licies
ERC2 Formulation into mixture	
ERC6d Use of reactive process regulators in polymerisation processes at industrial site (in	clusion or not into/onto article
ERC8b Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, indoor	)
ERC8e Widespread use of reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoo	or)
Contact: Raichem S.r.I.	
· Abbreviations and acronyms:	
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals	
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals	
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulations by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA) ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organisation" (ICAO)	
CLP: Classification, Labelling and Packaging	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent Kow: Octanol-Water partition coefficient BCF: BioConcentration Factor LC50: LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent Kow: Octanol-Water partition coefficient BCF: BioConcentration Factor LC50: LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent BCF: BioConcentration Factor LC50: LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent BCF: BioConcentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent BCF: Wassergefährdungsklasse - Water hazard class [Germany]	
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent Kow: Octanol-Water partition coefficient BCF: BioConcentration Factor LC50: LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent BioConcentration, 50 percent Concentration, 50 percent Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent BioConcentration, 50 percent Concentration S0 percent Concentration S0 percent Concentration S0 percent Concentration S0 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent Concentration S0 percent Concentration S0 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration Percent ErC50: Effec	the International Carriage of Dangero
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent Kow: Octanol-Water partition coefficient BCF: BioConcentration Factor LC50: LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent ErC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent, growth rate WGK: Wassergefährdungsklasse - Water hazard class [Germany] ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning Goods by Road) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods	the International Carriage of Dangerou
TLV: Threshold Limit Value TLV-TWA: Threshold Limit Value - Time Weighted Average TLV-STEL: Threshold Limit Value - Short Term Exposure Limit IOELV: Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value BEI: Biological Exposure Indices LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent BCF: BioConcentration Factor LC50: LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent EC50: Effective Concentration, 50 percent BCF: Wassergefährdungsklasse - Water hazard class [Germany] ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning Goods by Road) IMD6: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air Transport Association	the International Carriage of Dangero
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• \* Data compared to the previous version altered.